فرارجمعيه الصحه العالميسه

RÉSOLUTION DE L'ASSEMBLÉF (ПЕОР LE DE LA SANT РЕЗОЛЮЦИЯ ВСЕМИРНОЙ АСС БЛЕИ ЗО АВООХРАНЕНИ

RESOLUCION, DE LA ASAMBI

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FORTY-FIRST WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY

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Agenda item 12

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GLOBAL ERADICATION OF POLIOMYELITIS BY THE YEAR 2000

The Forty-first World Health Assembly,

Appreciating the rapid progress being achieved by the Expanded Programme on Immunization, as evidenced by coverage for a third dose of poliomyelitis, or diphtheria/pertussis/tetanus vaccines of over 50% of children under the age of one year in developing countries, as well as by the prevention of the death of more than one million children from measles, neonatal tetanus or pertussis and the prevention of the crippling of nearly 200 000 children through poliomyelitis annually in these countries;

Confident that these coverage rates will continue to rise rapidly and be sustained, in pursuit of the goal endorsed by the Thirtieth World Health Assembly in 1977 (resolution WHA30.53) - the provision of immunization for all children of the world by 1990 - and will lead to further marked reductions in the incidence of most of the target diseases;

Aware that poliomyelitis is the target disease most amenable to global eradication, and that regional eradication goals by or before the year 2000 have already been set in the Regions of the Americas, Europe and the Western Pacific;

Recognizing that the global eradication of poliomyelitis by the year 2000, a goal cited in the Declaration of Talloires, represents both a fitting challenge to be undertaken now, on the Organization's fortieth anniversary, and an appropriate gift, together with the eradication of smallpox, from the twentieth to the twenty-first century;

Noting:

- (1) that achievement of the goal will depend on the political will of countries and the investment of adequate human and financial resources;
- (2) that this achievement will be facilitated by the continued strengthening of the Expanded Programme on Immunization within the context of primary health care and by improving current poliomyelitis vaccines and clinical and laboratory surveillance;
- (3) that efforts to eradicate poliomyelitis serve to strengthen other immunization and health services, especially those for women and children;

See document A41/10 Add.1: Collaboration within the United Nations System - General Matters: International collaboration for child survival and development.

- 1. DECLARES the commitment of WHO to the global eradication of poliomyelitis by the year 2000;
- 2. EMPHASIZES that eradication efforts should be pursued in ways which strengthen the development of the Expanded Programme on Immunization as a whole, fostering its contribution, in turn, to the development of the health infrastructure and of primary health care;
- 3. INVITES Member States which have covered at least 70% of their target populations with a protective course of poliomyelitis vaccine, and which continue to have cases of poliomyelitis, to formulate plans for the elimination of the indigenous transmission of wild poliomyelitis viruses in ways which strengthen and sustain their national immunization programmes;
- 4. ENCOURAGES Member States which have not yet attained a 70% coverage rate to accelerate their efforts so as to surpass this level as quickly as possible through means which also improve and sustain the coverage for the other vaccines included within the national immunization programme;
- 5. REQUESTS Member States which have confirmed the absence of the indigenous transmission of wild poliomyelitis viruses to sustain their success and to offer their technical expertise, their resources and support to countries still working to achieve this goal;
- 6. URGES all Member States:
 - (1) to intensify surveillance to ensure prompt identification and investigation of cases of poliomyelitis and control of outbreaks and accurate and timely reporting of cases at national and international levels:
 - (2) to make all possible efforts to permit the rehabilitation of as many as possible of the children who still become disabled by poliomyelitis;
- 7. THANKS the many partners already collaborating in the Expanded Programme on Immunization (including the United Nations agencies, multilateral and bilateral development agencies, private and voluntary groups and concerned individuals), especially UNICEF for its overall efforts and Rotary International for its Polio-Plus initiative, and requests them to continue to work together in support of national immunization programmes, including activities aimed at the eradication of poliomyelitis, and to ensure that adequate resources are available to accelerate and sustain these programmes;
- 8. REQUESTS the Director-General:
 - (1) to strengthen the technical capacities of WHO in order to be able to respond better to requests from governments for collaboration in:
 - (a) strengthening planning, training and supervision within national immunization programmes and undertaking country-specific evaluation to facilitate corrective action towards achieving this goal in countries with coverage of less than 70%;
 - (b) improving programme monitoring and evaluation at national, regional and global levels;
 - (c) improving national disease surveillance systems to permit the rapid control of outbreaks and the investigation and confirmation of clinical diagnoses of poliomyelitis through serological and virus isolation techniques;

- (d) strengthening clinical laboratory services;
- (e) improving the quality control and production of vaccines;
- (2) to pursue efforts to promote the development and application of new vaccines, other new technologies and knowledge which will help to achieve the eradication goal;
- (3) to seek from extrabudgetary contributions the additional resources required to support these activities;
- (4) to submit regular plans and reports of progress concerning the poliomyelitis eradication effort through the Executive Board to the Health Assembly in the context of the progress being achieved by the Expanded Programme on Immunization.

Fifteenth plenary meeting, 13 May 1988 A41/VR/15