WHO gratefully acknowledges the support of Ministries of Health and partners in the following Pacific Island Countries and areas for the contribution of data to this bulletin:

L'OMS reconnaît avec reconnaissance le soutien des ministères de la santé et des partenaires dans les pays insulaires du Pacifique suivants pour la contribution des données à ce bulletin:
### Key indicators & Highlights | Indicateurs clé & faits saillants

<table>
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<th>%</th>
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<td>1. Number of sentinel sites</td>
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<td>2. Number of PICs that reported ²</td>
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<td>80%</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>3. Number of sites that reported</td>
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1 W21 2020 to W21 2020 | S1 2020 à S21 2020
2 Pacific Island Countries | Pays insulaires du Pacifique
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<tr>
<th>Country/Area</th>
<th>No. sites</th>
<th>No. reported</th>
<th>% reported</th>
<th>AFR</th>
<th>PF</th>
<th>Diarrhoea</th>
<th>DLI</th>
<th>ILI</th>
<th>SARI</th>
<th>COVID-19</th>
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<td>Cook Islands</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>74</td>
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<td>221</td>
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<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wallis &amp; Futuna</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>136</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>1257</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

** AFR: Acute Fever and Rash; PF: Prolonged Fever; DLI: Diarrhoea-like Illness; ILI: Influenza-like Illness; SARI: Severe Acute Respiratory Infection
Legend

- Orange: Acute Fever and Rash (AFR)
- Blue: Prolonged Fever (PF)

** Please note that X and Y axes vary by country depending on data availability and magnitude of data. Please pay attention to the scale of the X and Y axis prior to data interpretation and comparison.

** No line indicates data not reported.
Legend

- Acute Fever and Rash (AFR)
- Prolonged Fever (PF)
Kiribati, Nauru, Fiji, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu, Vanuatu

Legend
- Acute Fever and Rash (AFR)
- Prolonged Fever (PF)
Country trends | Influenza like illness, SARI and Suspected COVID-19

** Please note that X and Y axes vary by country depending on data availability and magnitude of data. Please pay attention to the scale of the X and Y axis prior to data interpretation and comparison.

** No line indicates data not reported.

American Samoa, CNMI, FSM, RMI, Guam, Palau

Figure 2a American Samoa | Samoa américaines

Figure 2b N Mariana Isl. | Îles Mariannes du Nord

Figure 2c Federated States of Micronesia

Figure 2d Marshall Islands | Îles Marshall

Legend
- SARI (Influenza-like illness that requires hospitalization)
- COVID-19
- Influenza-like illness

Figure 2e Guam | Guam

Figure 2f | Palau
### Tonga, Samoa, Cooks Island, Niue, Tokelau

- **Figure 2g Tonga | Tonga**
- **Figure 2h Samoa | Samoa**
- **Figure 2i Cook Islands | Îles Cook**
- **Figure 2j Niue | Niue**

#### Legend
- SARI (Influenza-like illness that requires hospitalization)
- Suspected COVID-19
- Influenza like illness

### Wallis and Futuna, New Caledonia, French Polynesia

- **Figure 2k Tokelau | Tokelau**
- **Figure 2l Wallis & Futuna | Wallis & Futuna**
- **Figure 2m New Caledonia | Nouvelle Calédonie**
- **Figure 2n French Polynesia | Polynésie française**
Kiribati, Nauru, Fiji, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu, Vanuatu

**Legend**
- SARI (Influenza-like illness that requires hospitalization)
- COVID-19
- Influenza-like illness

**Figure 2o** Kiribati

**Figure 2p** Nauru

**Figure 2q** Fiji

**Figure 2r** Solomon Islands

**Figure 2s** Tuvalu

**Figure 2t** Vanuatu

W21 2020 (May 18-May 24)
**Country trends | Diarrhoea and DLI**

Please note that X and Y axes vary by country depending on data availability and magnitude of data. Please pay attention to the scale of the X and Y axis prior to data interpretation and comparison.

**No line indicates data not reported.**

American Samoa, CNMI, FSM, RMI, Guam, Palau

Figure 3a American Samoa | Samoa américaines

Figure 3b N Mariana Isl. | Îles Mariannes du Nord

Figure 3c Federated States of Micronesia

Figure 3d Marshall Islands | Îles Marshall

Figure 3e Guam | Guam

Figure 3f Palau

Legend

- **Dengue-like Illness (DLI)**
- **Diarrhoea**
Kiribati, Nauru, Fiji, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu, Vanuatu

Figure 3o  Kiribati

Figure 3p  Nauru

Figure 3q  Fiji

Figure 3r  Solomon Islands

Figure 3s  Tuvalu

Figure 3t  Vanuatu

Legend
- Dengue-like Illness (DLI)
- Diarrhoea

W21 2020 (May 18-May 24)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Syndrome</th>
<th>Case Definition</th>
<th>Alert Threshold</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Fever and Rash (AFR)</td>
<td>Fever plus rash (non-blistering)</td>
<td>1 case if there is a measles outbreak.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prolonged fever (PF)</td>
<td>Fever for 3 days or more</td>
<td>Twice the average number of cases seen in the previous 2 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza-like illness (ILI)</td>
<td>An acute respiratory infection with measured fever of ≥ 38°C and cough; with onset within the last 10 days.</td>
<td>Twice the average number of cases seen in the previous 2 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diarrhoea</td>
<td>3 or more loose or watery stools in 24 hours (non-bloody)</td>
<td>Twice the average number of cases seen in the previous 2 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspected dengue</td>
<td>Fever for at least 2 days, plus at least two of the following: i. Nausea or vomiting; ii. Muscle or joint pain; iii. Severe headache or pain behind the eyes; iv. Rash; v. Bleeding</td>
<td>Twice the average number of cases seen in the previous 3 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe acute respiratory infection, requiring hospitalisation (SARI)</td>
<td>Sudden onset of fever above 38°C, cough or sore throat, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, and requiring hospitalization.</td>
<td>1 case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID - 19</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 case</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Alert thresholds

Please note that the alert thresholds have been set in EWARS and you will receive instant email notification once you have surpassed the alert threshold.

**New Indicators**

- COVID-19 one (1) case, this is as the case definition set to identify suspected COVID-19 including Multi-system Inflammatory cases in children. In addition, use the EBS to report details.
- SARI The alert threshold for SARI is set at one (1) case to increase sensitivity for its investigation as a suspected COVID-19 case and hence require laboratory confirmation or exclusion.

Once you do receive an alert, you need to follow the link to verify the alert – enter brief notes to say what the cases were, what has been done to the cases (investigation, treatment) or any other cases regarding the cases – age, gender, residence, hospitalized or not?

The alerts are set to auto-discard after 2 days if no action has been taken.

In addition, there are now forms available on EWARS for reporting Event Based Surveillance (EBS). Please use these to report any unusual disease patterns/symptoms, unexpected deaths, disease or deaths in animals or anything that is of concern.
For more help and support, please contact:

SHAKILA, Naidu  
World Health Organization  
Division of Pacific Technical Support  
Suva, Fiji

Email: shakilan@who.int

Notes:

The Pacific Syndromic Surveillance System (PSSS) was started in 2010. With the support of the Pacific Community, it collects sentinel surveillance data on 4 syndromes (including one optional), from 23 Pacific Island Countries and areas.

The aim is to monitor trends and to trigger alerts to rapidly detect and respond to suspected outbreaks. In 2017, the system was moved to an online platform called EWARS. Data is entered online by country focal points and is then analysed using an online application.

This bulletin has been published automatically from EWARS.

Le système de surveillance de la syndromie du Pacifique (PSSS) a été lancé en 2010. Avec le soutien de la Communauté du Pacifique, il collecte des données de surveillance sentinelle sur 4 syndromes (dont un optionnel), provenant de 23 pays insulaires du Pacifique.

L'objectif est de surveiller les tendances et de déclencher des alertes pour détecter et répondre rapidement aux épidémies présumées. En 2017, le système a été transféré vers une plate-forme en ligne appelée EWARS. Les données sont entrées en ligne par points focaux de pays et sont ensuite analysées à l'aide d'une application en ligne.

Ce bulletin a été publié automatiquement à partir d'EWARS.